

gentle treatment of sinusitis

Inhalation treatment for acute and chronic diseases of the upper airways

PARI SINUS



PARI SINUS -

Targeted Inhalation Therapy

Pulsating inhalation therapy – specifically designed to treat sinusitis



Pulsating aerosol – for the precise deposition of the active agent 1,2,#





	Nasal Spray	PARI SINUS
Nasal deposition, %	96.5*	21.5*
Deposition in the paranasal cavities in %	0.45*	12.5*

^{*} Deposition (in %) of the applied active agent.

Around 28 times more effective than the nasal spray

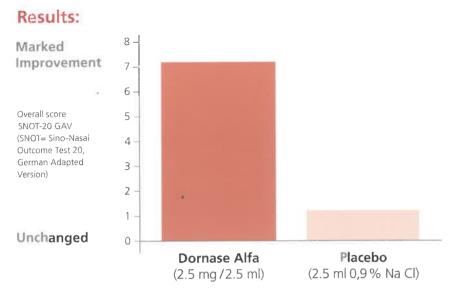
Second to none – pulsating aerosol effectively deposits the active agent in the paranasal sinuses 1,2

- 1. Möller W. et al, Rhinology, 2009
- 2. Schuschnig U et al, Respiratory Drug Delivery, 2006
- # Gamma camera images overlaid with MRI Images

Pulsating Aerosol –

Realising treatment goals for your Cystic Fibrosis Patients

A: Mobilisation of Secretion³



Study Design:

Double-blind, placebo-controlled, crossover study:

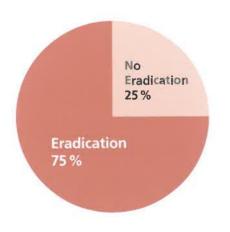
23 CF patients with chronic rhinosinusitis (CRS) inhaled Dornase Alfa and isotonic saline via PARI SINUS for 28 days.

Primary endpoint: primary nasal symptom score in the disease-specific quality of life Sino-Nasal Outcome Test (SNOT-20).

Significant improvement in overall SNOT-20 scores as in the primary nasal symptoms (runny nose, post-nasal discharge and thick-nasal discharge) after treatment with Dornase alfa via PARI SINUS. This resulted in an improvement in Quality of Life.

B: Eradication of Pathogens⁴

Results:



Treatment Protocol:

N=8 CF children (with an average age of 11 years) from the Royal London Children's Hospital. In all cases their upper airways were colonised with *P. aeruginosa*.

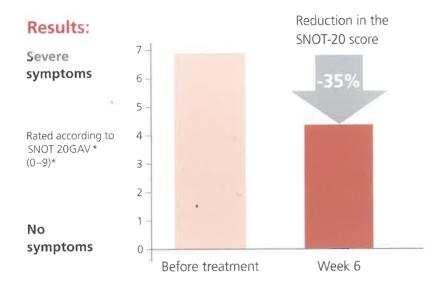
Administered Substances To treat <i>P. aeruginosa</i> infection	Duration:	
Oral antibiotic (Ciprofloxacin)	3 weeks	
Inhalation of 150mg tobramycin to the paranasal cavities via PARI SINUS and further 150 mg of tobramycin to the lungs.	28 days	
Pulmonary inhalation of 1-2 MIU of Colistin	2 months	

The combined antibiotic treatment of the upper airways via PARI SINUS as well as for the lower airways resulted in an eradication of p. aeruginosa amongst 75 % of those patients treated.

^{3.} Mainz et al, Journal of Cystic Fibrosis 13, 2014

^{4.} Wilson P et al, Journal of Cystic Fibrosis 13, 2014

C: Reduction of Inflammation⁵



CONTRACTOR OF THE

Treatment Protocol:

N = 7 patients with chronic rhinosinusitis (CRS)

- Fluticasonpropionat (Flutide forte 2mg/2ml suspension)
- Inhalation to the paranasal sinuses1 x daily with PARI SINUS
- Duration: 6 weeks
- Primary endpoint: change in the primary nasal symptoms according to the SNOT-20 score

Impressive symptom relief and clear improvement in Quality of Life after the application of steroids via PARI SINUS.

D: Treatment of Bacterial Infection 6

	Patient 1	Patient 2
Pre Lung Transplantation:	Identical <i>P. aeruginosa</i> genotypes evident in both the upper and lower airways	Identical <i>P. aeruginosa</i> genotypes evident in both the upper and lower airways
Treatment protocol post Lung Transplantation to avoid pulmonary coloni- sation with Pseudomonas aeruginosa	Upper Airways (UAW) Repeated treatment cycles with intravenous antibiotics Lower Airways (LAW) Repeated treatment cycles with intravenous antibiotics Inhalation of antibiotics to the lung	Upper Airways (UAW) Sinonasal inhalation of 1 MIU Colomycin once daily with PARI SINUS 4 - 6 minutes per nostril Lower Airways (LAW) Inhalation of 1 MIU Colomycin, twice daily
Infection status over 36 months post Transplantation	Identical <i>P. aeruginosa</i> genotypes in both upper and lower airways (as before)	Identical <i>P. aeruginosa</i> genotypes in upper airways (as before) No colonisation of the lower airways with <i>P. aeruginosa</i>

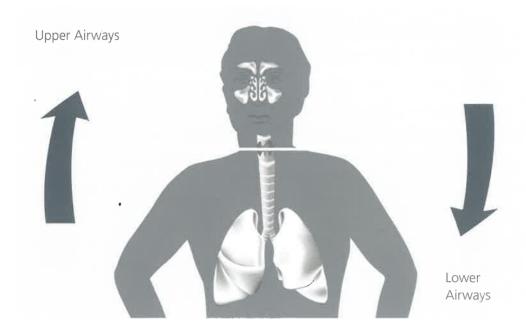
Antibiotic therapy of the upper airways via PARI SINUS can, in combination with an antibiotic therapy of the lower airways, result in an infection of the transplanted organ being avoided.

^{5.} Hanga D et al, 83. Jahresversammlung der deutschen Gesellschaft für HNO, 2013

^{6.} Mainz et al, Drug Des Devel Ther. 2014

The Concept of the United Airways

"One Airway – One Disease"



"The upper and lower airways form an anatomical continuum that is also relevant for microorganisms and inflammatory mediators."

Prof. Niels Høiby, Copenhagen University Hospital, Denmark

Importance of the Upper Airways for Cystic Fibrosis patients:

"In practice, almost all CF patients experience problems with their upper airways: their mucociliary clearance does not work, their nose runs and their sense of smell is impaired. The genetic defect of Cystic Fibrosis Transmembrane Conductance Regulators also affects the function of the upper airways."

PD Dr. Jochen G. Mainz, Jena University Hospital, Germany

PARI SINUS – Targeted Inhalation Therapy

- Second to none pulsating aerosol effectively deposits the active agent in the paranasal sinuses 1,2
- Convincing impressive symptom relief and clear improvement in quality of life⁵

 Suitable for the realisation of treatment goals for your Cystic Fibrosis Patients



- 1. Möller W. et al, Rhinology, 2009
- 2. Schuschnig U et al, Respiratory Drug Delivery, 2006
- 3. Mainz et al, Journal of Cystic Fibrosis 13, 2014
- 4. Wilson P et al, Journal of Cystic Fibrosis 13, 2014
- 5. Hanga D et al, 83. Jahresversammlung der deutschen Gesellschaft für HNO, 2013
- 6. Mainz et al, Drug Des Devel Ther. 2014

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